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longer than 3 years from the issuance date.

(c) Extension of validity. The validity of a CITES document may not be ex-

tended beyond the expiration date on the face of the document, except under limited circumstances for certain timber species as outlined in §23.73.

§23.55 How may I use a CITES specimen after import into the United States?

In addition to the provisions in §23.3, you may only use CITES specimens after import into the United States for the following purposes:

If the species is listed in	Allowed use within the United States
(a) Appendix I, except for specimens imported with a CITES exemption document listed in paragraph (d) of this section. (b) Appendix II with an annotation for noncommercial purposes where other specimens of that species are treated as if listed in Appendix I. (c) Appendix II without an annotation for noncommercial purposes, or Appendix III, and threatened under the ESA, except as provided in a special rule in §§ 17.40 through 17.48 or under a permit granted under §§ 17.32 or 17.52	The specimen may be used only for noncommercial purposes (see § 23.5). Exception: If the specimen was lawfully imported, with no restrictions on its use after import, before the species was listed as described in paragraphs (a), (b), or (c) of this section, you may continue to use the specimen as indicated for paragraphs (d), (e) and (f) of this section provided you can clearly demonstrate (using written records or other documentary evidence) that your specimen was imported prior to the CITES listing, with no restrictions on its use after import. If you are unable to clearly demonstrate that this exception applies, the specimen may be used only for noncommercial purposes.
 (d) Appendix I, and imported with a CITES exemption document as follows: U.S-issued certificate for personally owned wildlife. Pre-Convention certificate. Export permit or re-export certificate for wildlife from a registered commercial breeding operation. Export permit or re-export certificate for a plant from a registered nursery or under a permit with a source code of "D." Certificate for artificially propagated plants with a source code of "A" for artificially propagated hybrid specimens derived from one or more unannotated Appendix-I species or other taxa. U.Sissued traveling-exhibition certificate. Appendix II, other than those in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section. Appendix III, other than those in paragraph (c) of this section. 	The specimen may be used for any lawful purpose, except if the regulations in this part or other parts of this subchapter or a permit condition allowed the import only for noncommercial purposes, then the import and subsequent use must be only for noncommercial purposes.

[72 FR 48448, Aug. 23, 2007, as amended at 79 FR 30426, May 27, 2014]

§ 23.56 What U.S. CITES document conditions do I need to follow?

- (a) General conditions. The following general conditions apply to all U.S. CITES documents:
- (1) You must comply with the provisions of part 13 of this subchapter as conditions of the document, as well as other applicable regulations in this subchapter, including, but not limited to, any that require permits. You must comply with all applicable local, State, Federal, tribal, and foreign wildlife or plant conservation laws.
- (2) For export and re-export of live wildlife and plants, transport conditions must comply with the *International Air Transport Association Live*

Animals Regulations (for animals) or the International Air Transport Association Perishable Cargo Regulations (for plants) (incorporated by reference, see §23.9).

- (3) You must return the original CITES document to the issuing office if you do not use it, it expires, or you request renewal or amendment.
- (4) When appropriate, a Management Authority may require that you identify Appendix-II and -III wildlife or plants with a mark. All live Appendix-I wildlife must be securely marked or uniquely identified. Such mark or identification must be made in a way that the border official can verify that the specimen and CITES document correspond. If a microchip is used, we